

The Occurrence of the Genus *Monobaeus* Foerster in North America (Hym.).

By A. A. GIRAULT, Glenn Dale, Maryland.

The following species is the first of this genus to be described from North America. The genus, as represented by the new species, has the parapsidal furrows distinct, as is also sometimes (or often) true for *Ormyrus*. The two genera differ in the number of ring-joints only. The species differ much in the sculpture of the abdomen, especially as regards the arrangement of the coarser punctures at the base of the segments. The club is sub-solid, but its articulations are still visible.

Monobaeus hegeli new species.

Female:—Length, 3.00 mm. Abdomen distinctly longer than the rest of the body, substylate at apex.

Very similar to *Ormyrus ventricosus* Ashmead but more robust and the abdomen, besides the usual median carina dorsad and the scalloped cross-ridges, bears a single row of coarse punctures at base of segments 4 and 5 and is densely pin-punctate instead of scaly, while segment 6 is densely thimble-punctate. Also the propodeum is bicarinate at the meson instead of tricarinate as in *ventricosus*. Funicle 1 hemispherical, shortest, over thrice the size of the usual ring-joint; other funicle joints a little wider than long. Body downy. Types compared.

Described from one female from Michigan (C. P. Gillette). *Type*: Catalogue No. 20239, U. S. N. M., the specimen on a tag, an antenna on a slide.

Perhaps this genus may grade into *Ormyrus*; that is, the second ring-joint be larger and larger in relation to the first, so that it is no longer possible to distinguish one from two ring-joints in some cases. Then the two genera must be merged as Mayr has done.

A Correction in Spelling (Col.)

Mr. Edw. M. Ehrhorn, Superintendent, Division of Entomology, Territory of Hawaii, has recently called my attention to the wrong spelling of *Acythopus* in my paper on "Some Unusual Orchid Insects," in the "News" for January, 1917, where it appears as *Acybothus*. I was misled in this by following the spelling in Mr. Champion's paper in the "Entomologist's Monthly Magazine" for September, 1916, where it also appears as *Acybothus*, evidently due to a printer's mistake.—HARRY B. WEISS.